

## Problem C. Umbrella Queries

- Time Limit: 2 sec

### Problem Statement

Micchan noticed that an umbrella is a regular polygon when looking from above. So, she created the following problem.

#### Umbrella Query

A regular  $N$  polygon has  $N$  edges and  $\frac{N(N-1)}{2} - N$  diagonals. Consider the union of them, which includes  $\frac{N(N-1)}{2}$  line segments.

How many pairs of line segments satisfy the following 2 conditions?

- The 2 line segments have a common endpoint. In other words, they have a common point at one of the vertices of the regular  $N$  polygon.
- The 2 line segments are perpendicular.

Micchan has given  $T$  of the above problems. However, her friend cannot solve too many requests. Answer each problem on her behalf.

### Input

$T$   
 $N_1$   
 $N_2$   
 $\vdots$   
 $N_T$

The input satisfies the following constraints.

- All inputs consist of integers.
- $1 \leq T \leq 10^5$
- $3 \leq N_i \leq 10^9$

### Output

Output the answer in  $T$  lines. On the  $i$ -th line, output the answer to the problem when  $N = N_i$ . Add a new line at the end of each line.

Sample Input	Sample Output
3 4 3 1000000000	4 0 499999999000000000

In Sample Input 1, you count only pairs of line segments that intersect perpendicularly at the vertices of the square.