

## Problem L: Linear Time Inversion Number

- Time Limit: 2 sec

### Problem Statement

Given a permutation  $P$  of length  $N$ , Alice uses the inversion number as a measure of how close  $P$  is to the permutation  $(1, 2, \dots, N)$ , while Bob uses the metric  $\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N |P_i - i|$ .

Here, the inversion number is the number of pairs  $(i, j)$  such that  $i < j$  and  $P_i > P_j$ .

Given a sequence  $A = (A_1, A_2, \dots, A_K)$  of length  $K$ , there are  $(N - K)!$  permutations of length  $N$  that have  $A$  as their prefix.

Find the number of these permutations for which Alice's metric and Bob's metric are equal, and return the result modulo **998,244,353**.

### Input

The input is given in the following format:

$N$   $K$   
 $A_1$   $A_2$  ...  $A_K$

- $1 \leq N \leq 200,000$
- $0 \leq K \leq N$
- $1 \leq A_i \leq N$  ( $1 \leq i \leq K$ )
- $A_i \neq A_j$  ( $i \neq j$ )
- All input values are integers.

### Output

Output the answer.

| Sample Input 1                | Sample Output 1 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| 5 3<br>2 3 5                  | 1               |
| Sample Input 2                | Sample Output 2 |
| 10 10<br>3 1 4 5 9 2 6 8 7 10 | 0               |
| Sample Input 3                | Sample Output 3 |
| 6 0                           | 132             |